vessels and material.

CAPTURE OF CERVERA'S SHIPS.

has directed the Naval Board of Inspection to ap

way bind the Navy Department to a decision on the

merits of the claim, was taken in accordance with

a request which was recently forwarded by Admiral Sampson in the form of a letter from Cap-

tain French E. Chadwick, commanding the New-

York, who suggests the appraisal is behalf of all

money is supplemental and altogether distinct from

pation in the destruction of Cervera's fleet, the

laims for bounty having already been referred by

the Navy Department to the Court of Claims for

eave Washington to carry out Secretary Long's

wreckers on the value of the Infanta Maria Teresa.

edes and of the salvage from the other wrecks.

CONFERENCE ON SAMOAN AFFAIRS.

HERR ROSE DEFENDS HIS COURSE AS GERMAN

Washington, July 13 .- Herr Rose, the German

onsul General in Samoa during the recent excit-

ng events there, arrived in Washington unex-

pectedly to-day and reported to the German Em-

start for New-York to meet Herr Mumm, the offi-

ment and presented him to Secretary Hay and As-

for a rather extended conference on Samoan af-

fairs, in the course of which Herr Rose defended

and explained his view of many of the incidents in

officials at Samoa were concerned. The period of

over Chief Justice Chambers's decision as to the

right of Malletoa to the kingship of Samoa, and

he clash with the natives following the questions

raised as to this decision. Herr Rose presented his

His visit to Washington is said to have no spe

of the German Embassy and the State Department. Herr Rose brought word that the work of the Commission might be prolonged beyond July 14.

when the members had hoped to sail on the Badger.

WARSHIPS NEARING COMPLETION.

PROGRESS REPORT MADE BY CHIEF CONSTRUC-

on the forty-eight vessels under construction for

advanced 32 per cent toward completion, the Ken-tucky 90 per cent and the Illinois 68 per cent. The

per cent. The sheathed cruiser Albany, in England, a 80 per cent advanced. The monitor Wyoming, at

WAR COLLEGE NOT TO BE REMOVED.

SECRETARY LONG DENIES A RUMOR WHICH HAS

Washington, July 13 (Special).-Secretary Long

ecent visit of Assistant Secretary Allen, who spent

several days there last week on the Dolphin, which

o the proposition for concentrating naval instruc-

EX-GOV. STONE RETURNS TO MISSOURI.

HE SAYS HE TALKED WITH NO NEW-TORK

St. Louis, July 12 - Ex-Governor Stone returned

POLITICIANS.

from New-York to-day and disclaimed many utter-ances attributed to him in published statements. He also denied that he had talked with any politi-

"At the Chicago conference of the National Com-

cians in New-York City.

here for several days before going to Berlin.

TAYLOR THE NOMINEE

KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS NAME THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

HARMONY PREVAILS IN THE CONVENTION-VICTORY FOR SENATOR DEBOE.

Lexington, Ky., July 13 (Special).-The Republican State Convention was called to order at 9:30 o'clock this morning, and at 6:45 o'clock this evening it finished its work without having taken a recess. Attorney General W. S. Taylor, of Butler County, was unanimously nominated for Governor on motion of his late opponent. Colonel Samuel H. Stone, seconded by his other late opponent, Judge Clifton J. Pratt, a climax never before seen in a Kentucky political convention. It was believed that General Taylor's opponents would run the race to a finish, but when they saw Taylor could beat them fairly they concluded it would be the more manly thing to admit their defeat in the manner they

As a result of this magnanimity, the convention a little later nominated Judge Pratt unanimously for Attorney General and nominated one of Colonel Stone's warmest supportmissioner of Agriculture. In fact, the convention developed into a regular love feast, and it was the most harmonious convention ever held in the State. Even the colored leader, the Rev. Samuel E. Smith, of Owensboro, was so completely won over by the prospect of the nommation of his friend, Judge Pratt, that he made a speech in which he took back everything he had said against General Taylor and promised his support and that of every colored man

There were only two real contests in the course of the day-that made by W. R. Ramsey for Attorney General against Judge Prast, in which he was beaten by an overwhelming majority, and the contention between J. W. Throckmorton and C. H. Hanna for the last place on the ticket. Commissioner of Agriculture. looked on the first ballot as if Hanna had won, but when a recapitulation of the votes was made, after more than an hour's work, Throckmorton had nearly 200 majority.

In an interview to-night, Senator Deboe said: You may not know it, but the opposition to Taylor was a fight against me. There are many things connected with the campaign. hich has so gloriously closed by the nomina tion of the strongest Republican State ticket that could have been selected, but as I do not bear malice, I shall not recall the unpleasant ra. I have fought hard, and am proud to have succeeded to the best of my antici-ns. I am like a man crossing a river and gets in his way; he will tell the oarsman out of the way, and if he does not he o on through it. though it may be wors Those who have got in my politically have learned this lesson. A same time, I have no ill feeling agains em. It was just a question as to which of us bould succeed, and I determined it should not

ticket is well chosen geographically, as le. Caleb Powers, for Secretary of State, frontheastern Kentucky; Clifton J. Pratt, f General from the western section for Auditor, from the Blue liter S. Day, for Treasurer, Pastern Kentucky: John Burke, for Super-ent of Public Instruction, from Newport, hn W Threekmorton, for Commissioner of Agriculture, from Lexington,

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL. PLATFORM INDORSES THE ADMINISTRATION. AND ESPECIALLY THE PRESIDENT'S CIVIL

Lexington, July 12.-When the convention reased standing room was in demand. There were over 1,700 delegates and some contests were settled by seating both delegations with a half vote each so the delogates and alternates alone made a large audience. The first business of the day was the mearing of the report on resolutions. J. W. Yerkes peried the platform, which was adopted.

We pledge the Republican party of Kentucky of the enactment of all such laws as may be necessary to prevent trusts, pools combinations or other prantizations from combining to depreciate become its real value, or to enhance the cost of any tribe, or to reduce the proper emoluments of

We congratulate the Republican party that existing Federal legislation for the suppression of
harmful trusts, pools and combinations is the
work of a Republican Congress, performed in the
Administration of a Republican President, and we
congratulate the country that in the suppression
of injurious combinations, Republican legislation
has had in the past, as it will have in the future,
due regard for the interests of legitimate business,
the purpose for such legislation being the remedy
for wrong, and not embarrassment to industry, enterprise or thrift.
We indorse without reserve the Administration
of President McKinley, and congratulate the American people upon the condition of prosperity and
happiness resulting from the wisdom and patriotlam which he has brought to the discharge of his
public duties.

public duties.

We declare our confidence in the policies adopted and the measures taken by the President to restore order and to establish progressive government in Cuba. Porto Rico and the Philippines, and we piedge him-our continuous support until these ob-

piedge him our continuous support piedge him our adherence to principles and to we reaffirm our adherence to principles and to pointies proclaimed by the last National Republican Convention, except as to the Civil Service. We regard it as settled beyond dispute that the maintenance of a sound currency through Republican administration and legislation is the foundation upon which rests the most remarkable period of industrial progress, commercial activity and general prosperity within the experience of the people and prosperity attack.

or industrial within the experience of the people of the United States.

We commend the present amendment of Civil Service rules by the President, and declare our belief that further medifications of existing Civil Service legislation may be made with advantage to the publication.

nunciation of the Goebel Election law, the Mc-Chord Railway law and other Democratic measures passed over the Governor's veto. The administration of Governor Bradley is warmly commended. Before the call of districts for the nomination for Governor, Captain S. H. Stone took the platform and created an exciting scene by withdrawing his name and presenting the name of W. S. Taylor, Then Judge Clifton J. Pratt, another candidate for Governor, followed Stone in a stirring speech of withdrawal, and seconded the nomination of Taylor, which was at once made unan mous amid a wild demonstration. When General Taylor was escorted to the hall there was another demonstra-He addressed the convention, accepting the

Lieutegant Governor without the formality of a ballot Judge Clifton J. Pratt, who had been a candidate for Governor, was nominated for At-torney General. The first clash of the convention came in this nomination. Judge Pratt's name

torney General. The first clash of the convention came in this nomination. Judge Pratt's name was greeted with a roar of appeause and a dozen seconding speeches from colored men, but J. W. Seconding speeches from a following when he presented the name of W. R. Hamsey, of London. The prospects were for a hot fight, but a stampede for Pratt was started by the withdrawal in his favor of several of the candidates, and he was nominated on the first ballot, the vote being-Fratt, 11194; Ramsey, 256-2.

For Secretary of State the names of Thomas J. Young of Bath County, J. B. Bennett, of Greenup County; Hærlan T. Betty, of Lee County, and Calch Powers, of Knox County, were presented. A hallot was taken, but Powers had such a decided advantage that his nomination was made unantimous before the vote was counted.

For Auditor the names of John S. Sweeney, of Bourbon; T. J. Hardin, of Owen, and W. E. Catchings, of Laurel, were presented. Sweeney received ings, of Laurel, were presented in the control of Laur

WANTS THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

KANSAS CITY RAISING A PUND, BUT NOT RE-

Washington, July 13 (Special).—The report which reached Washington to-day from Chicago that certain enterprising residents of Kansas City had raised a fund of \$50,000 to be given outright to the Democratic National Committee if that committee will agree to send the . . at Democratic National Convention to the ambitious metropolis on the Kansas border has excited much surprise and disapproving comment here. Politicians and others who have long attended the quadrennial gatherings of the two great National parties realize keenly the disadvantages of holding a convention in any

city, however hospitable and attractive, which lacks the exceptional facilities needed to insure. the general comfort both of spectators and delegates. The decision of the Republican National Committee to give the convention of 1892 to Minneapolis will always be cited as a warning against apolis will always be cited as a warning against similar experiments with cities of the same relative size and class. For not only was the Minnesota city unable to furnish sufficient hotel accommodations for the delegates, but the breakdown of the telegraph service East and South left all the great newspapers of the country to struggle along with the briefest and most straggling reports. There are really only two cities in the country which are thoroughly adapted to convention purposes, and they are Chicago and St. Louis It is to be hoped that the two National committees will follow last year's precedents, and confine the choice of a convention city to these two most central, accessible and often tested sites.

BIG CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES.

CANAL SUITS AGAINST THE STATE AGGREGATE NEARLY A MILLION DOLLARS.

Albany, July 13 (Special).-Attorney General Davies has made the unpleasant discovery that the suits for damages brought by property Guaremala to collect money for bondholders is owners along the Erie, the Oswego and the Champiain canals who suffered loss while work was in progress under the \$9,000,000 canal improvement involve nearly a million dollars in

These claims for damages are apportioned to each canal as follows: Erie Canal, western division, \$255,987 01; Erie Canal, middle division, \$408,527 80; Erie Canal, eastern division, \$141. 260 46: Oswego Canal, \$5.243 79: Champlain Canal, \$76,708 26; total, \$887,727 32.

Since this table was prepared, claims for damages amounting to \$60,000 have been presented. In all there are about six hundred claims for damages, and Attorney General Davies has organized a special corps of law yers composed of ex-Assemblyman George Horton. Henry L. Woodward and Henry L. Gates tect the State's interest before the Court of Among the claims is that of the Grand Trunk Railway for \$31,000, the Buffalo Dredging Company, \$10,000; the Empire Portland Cement Company, for \$27,848; the Onondaga County Savings Bank, \$15,000, and Edward Joy, of Syracuse, \$10,500. The Syracuse claims are due to damage caused by a break in the Erie Canal.

A DENTIST'S QUEER CHARGE.

ACCUSES A MAN OF TRYING TO KILL HIM IN MADISON SQUARE BY CHLO-

RINE ACID GAS.

According to a story told by Dr. Charles W. Baldwin, a dentist, forty-nine years old, living at No. 233 West Fifty-first-st., to the police of the West Thirtleth-st. station, an attempt was made to end his life last night with the aid of chlorine acid gas benches, listening to the concert given by the 14th Regiment Band in Madison Square Park last night, when he suddenly jumped to his feet and stopped Patrolman Burke, who was on duty.

"I want you to arrest this man," he said, indinear me that contains chlorine acid gas."

ed to a lad who was also affected. The lad said that he had a peculiar sensation in his throat, and when speaking it seemed he did so with difficulty. In the mean time Baldwin had pointed to the man he wanted arrested and he was at the policeman's man was undecided as to what he should with him to the West Thirtieth-st. station, telling the physician and the young man to follow him. When the four reached the station they found

that Sergeant Conboy was in charge. The police man told the Sergeant what the physician had told him, and the trio gave their names and addresses to the Sergeant.

The prisoner said he was John T. Ramsey, forty-nine years old, a truckman, living at No. 2M East Twenty-first at. The lad, who was sitting near the doctor in the park, said he was George H. Booth, twenty years old, a clerk, of No. 557 West Fifty-

The Sergeant then told the doctor to tell his story Dr. Baldwin said he was sitting on one of the benches in Madison Square Park listening to the Twent concert, when he had a peculiar choking sensation in his throat. His knowledge of medicine enabled nim to discover that the sensation was caused by the truckman sitting near him holding a bottle in congratulate the Republican party that ex-Federal legislation for the suppression of his hands, from which came fumes of the gas which aused the choking sensation. He then ordered the man's arrest.

> Baidwin then said that he asked Booth to describe the sensation in his throat. The lad repeated what he had told the policeman in the Park. Sergeant Conboy then asked Ramsey what he had to say. The prisoner said that he knew nothing about the gas, and had no bottle in his pos

The sergeant then took Booth to one side and asked him about the case. Booth said that he be-

asked him about the case. Booth said that he believed the doctor had the acid in his possession,
and not the truckman.

Baldwin said that he had for a long time been a
victim of an attempt to end his life. He said that
he attended the band concert at Morris Park on
Wednesday night, and that a similar attempt was
made on his life. He said twenty attempts had
been made to kill him.

Sergeant Conboy decided that he would hold all
three men for the night, and that this morning
Baldwin and Ramsey could make counter charges
against each other. In Baldwin's pocket was
found a small vial, which contained peroxide of
hydrogen.

found a small visi, which had been locked up policeman hydrogen.

After the men had been locked up policeman Burke returned to the Park and found the fragments of what had been a half pint bottle. The fragments were picked up and taken to the police station. There was a strong odor on the piecea, but it could not be ascertained what the bottle contained.

The police say that Baldwin has made four complaints at the West Thirtieth-st, station of at-

WOODRUFF TO GO TO OYSTER BAY.

TO MEET THE GOVERNOR THERE-HE HAS LUNCHEON WITH MR. PLATT-EXTRA SESSION RUMORS DENIED.

Senator Thomas C. Platt yesterday had luncheon with Lieutenant-Governor Timothy L. Woodruff at the Lawyers' Club, and Mr. Woodruff said he inthe Lawyers Club, and Mr. woodrun said he in-tended to go to Oyster Bay to-day and have a talk with Governor Roosevelt. It was said that Speaker Nixon and Mr. Bender, the State Superintendent of Public Buildings, would go to see the Governor to-day, and, with Mr. Woodruff, hold a meeting of to-day, and, with Mr. Woodruff, hold a meeting of the Trustees of Public Buildings and pass upon a contract for lighting the Capitol at Albany.

There was an absolute contradiction by Senator Platt of the report that the Republican leaders have been consulting about plans for an extra session of the Legislature to shorten the term of Mayor Van Wyck to two years and bring on another election of Mayor in this city in the fall. The Senator declared that the report was pure faction.

MEETS MR. QUIGG'S APPROVAL.

HOMER FOLKS-THE WORK FOR UNION

ization of the XXIXth Assembly District to indorse Homer Folks for Assemblyman if he is nominated by the Republicans of the district this fall meets the approval of L. E. Quigg president of the Republican County Committee, who is doing his best to promote union between the Republican and independent organizations in the city. Mr. Quing said yeaterday. "We want the advice of the Cittzens Union local organizations, and if I correctly understand the temper of our people we will take their advice whenever it is possible to do so. Of course, it is friendly and not hostile advice that we are seeking. The kind of advice which begins with a sneer and ends with a threat is not likely to have a good effect, but where, as in the XXIX:h District, the independents meet us in a fair spirit, the result will be satisfactory to all voters who want to defeat the Tammany candidates with up-

THE TROUBLE IN GUATEMALA. A NOVEL PRIZE CLAIM.

AMERICAN NAVAL FORCE MAY BE IN-CREASED-TALK OF FOREIGN IN-TERVENTION.

Washington, July 13.-The State Department is watching the developments in Guatemala with anxiety. It is premature to say that it has been decided to send the Philadelphia from San Francisco to that country, and the presence of the gunboat Vixen on the east coast may be regarded as sufficient for the present. But there are hints of foreign action which might involve a repetition of the Corinto incident, and in that case it prob ably would be deemed necessary to have a str naval representation at the sent of trouble. It is said at the State Department that the financia conditions in Guatemala, with repudiation impendthreaten severe loss to American citizens. But, so far, the Government has not consented to take joint action with England, Germany or any other nation in bringing pressure to bear on the

The attitude which would be adopted by the Government in case an attempt should be made oblematical. In the Corinto affair a question of National honor was involved, an indemnity having been demanded by Great Britain for ill treatment But this Government of her consular officers. heretofore, and notably in Mr. Blaine's time, has eaned to the belief that the holders of Go ment bonds, being individuals, took their bonds subject to the chances of repudiation, the price being regulated by the risks incurred.

PENSION POLICY DISCUSSED.

THE G. A. R. COMMITTEE HAS A CONFERENCE WITH PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.

Washington, July 13.-The Pension Committee of the Grand Army of the Republic finished its inquiry here this afternoon and most of the members the city to-night. The committee has been here three days and most of the time has been accompanied by the Senior Vice Commander Colonel Johnson. Commissioner Evans and a corps of the most experienced employes of the Pension Bureau have worked in co-operation with the committee, placing themselves and all the moial files at its disposal.

Headed by Chairman Brown, the committee called the White House to-day, and for an hour and a half was engaged in conference with President Mc-The committee went over the whole pension policy, the discussion comprehending the laws governing the system, the rulings made both by the In-terior Department and the Pension Bureau for their execution, and the changes desired in the interest the Government and of the pensioners. The Presi-dent paid close attention to the delegation and gave free expression to his views on the subject. The committee then returned to the Pension Bureau and spent most of the afternoon talking over matters informally with Commissioner Evans. All the old soldiers and soldiers' widows employed in the office were called together to meet the committee, perfore whom they passed in line and exchanged riendly greetings.

before whom they passes the principle of the com-friendly greetings.

Late this afternoon a final meeting of the com-mittee was held in its hotel, when individual views and recommendations were presented, and an in-formal conference was held to consider the nature of the report to be presented at the annual encamp-ment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Phila-delphia in September. Colonel Johnson and his associates refused to discuss their work or the results of their inquiry. It was admitted however that much which has been printed concerning the action of the Bureau has been found to be untrue

ARMY AND MARINE CORPS ORDERS. Washington, July 12.-The following Army and Marine Corps orders have been issued: ARMY. The following volunteer officers, recently ap-

pointed, will join their respective regiments at the

niy-sixth Infantry—Majors E D. ANDERSON and F. A. COOK, Captains A. A. BARKER, WILLIAM TUTHERLY, R. A. WHIPPLE and JOHN BORD-TUTHERLY, R. A. WHIPPLE and JOHN BORD-MAN, Jr., Flest Leutenants J. R. GOOVALE and WILLIAM CONNELL, at Plattsburg Barracks, New-

eighth Infantry-Captains FRANK F. CREN-

Twenty-ninth Infantry-Major D. B. CASE, Captain CLEVELAND WILL-OXON and HENRY T. THOMPSON, First Leutenants W. P. CORBETT R. J. ARNOLD and W. P. SCREWS. Second Lieutenant G. M. HOLLEY, at Fort McPherson, Georgia

tanno, at Fort energian, Hillions, ty-drist Infantry-Major J. E. M.MAHON, Captains Ty-drist Lieuten-J. P. ADAMS and P. S. GALLAHER, Pirst Lieutenant KEMP BROWNING, Second Lieutenants WIL-POED TWYMAN and W. O. BOWMAN, at Fort Thomas, Kentucky.

Thomas, Kentucky.

Only Second Infantry—Major R. E. L. SPENCE, Captules F. M. RIMBOLD J. H. CULVER and J. H. GOLDMAN. First Lieutenants W. S. MAPES and R. T. ("RAWFORD, Second Lieutenant H. K. LOVE, at Fort Leavenworth, Kanssa." Thirty-fourth Infantry-Major J. A. PENN. First Lieu-tenant 8 M. DECKER, at Fort Logan, Colorado.

tenant S M DECKER at Fort Logan, Colorado.
Thirty-fifth Infantry-Majors ALBERT LAWS and W.
C SHORT at Vancouver Barracks, Washington.
Captain FRANK L. GRAHAM 27th Infantry, recently
appointed, will report to Major William A Simpson,
assistant adjutant general, in this city, for assignment to recruiting duty.

First Lieutenant WILLIAM M. MEEK, Siet Infantry, will
proceed to Fort Thomas and report to his regimental
intervaluer.

First Lieutenant J. HOWARD GRIFFITHS, 27th In-faniry, will proceed to Camp Meade, and report to his recimental commander. Pirst Lieutenant ELMER A DEAN, assistant surgeon, relieved at St. Paul, Minn., and will proceed to i Prancisco for assignment.

Prancisco for assignment, jor JOSEPH WHEELER, Jr., 34th Infantry, will re-port to his regimental commander at Fort Logan utenant Colonel JOHN N. COE, 13th Infantry, having been found by an Army Retiring Board incapacitates for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement is announced.

Capiain CHRISTIAN C. HEWITT, 19th Infantry, tailed for recruiting duty and will proceed to barre, Penn. MARINE CORPS.

Captain W. B. LEMLY, assistant quartermaster, ordered to report to the quartermaster of the Mari Corps for instruction. Second Lieutenant L. M.C LITTLE is ordered to to the commandant of the Naval Training Semport, for instruction.

First Lieutenant J. F. M'GHLL appointed member, and First Lieutenant D. D. FORTER, appointed judge ad-vocate general, of a general court martial ordered to convene at the Nava' Academy. onel G. C. GOODLOE, naymaster, is ordered to Marine Barracks, Norfolk, League Island and Br lyn, on official duty.

MARYLAND DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

SEEKING SUPPORT IN BALTIMORE-EACH AFRAID

Baltimore, July 13 (Special).—The battleground of the two leading candidates for the Democratic nomination for Governor was to-day transferred to Baltimore city. Colonel John Walter Smith, as-

sured of the entire support of the Eastern shore counties, came to town to-day and began prepara-tions for a fight in the primaries against Edwin Warfield for control of the twenty-one city delegates to the State convention. Warfield already has a strong organization in the city, but Colonel Smith's friends believe that they will be able to get at least from a third to one-half the city delegation.

There is no formally announced candidate for

from a third to one-half the city delegation.

There is no formally announced candidate for Governor from Baltimore city. Ex_Judge Fisher and Henry Williams have been mentioned, but it is doubtful whether they will enter the primaries. Colonel Smith and Mr. Warfield though both county men, have large business interests in Baltimore and the former is a prominent stockholder and director in the Fidelity and Deposit Company, of which Mr. Warfield is president.

Governor Lowndes, whose renomination by the Republicans seems assured, is also a director in the same company.

Both Colonel Smith and Mr. Warfield to-day denied that ex-Senator Gorman was directly interested in their respective candidacies. It is well known, however, in political circles that neither can get the nomination unless Mr. Gorman's friends, who compose the organization, support him. It is rather a ludicrous feature of the Democratic contest that the two leading candidates, as well as two of the other aspirants for the Governorship, are close friends of Gorman, but dread to have his name linked with theirs in the fight. They realize that any nomination with a Gorman favor to it will again drive the independent voters over to the Republican camp. Efforts at concealment, however, are futtle. Neither Warfield on Smith nor any other man can be nominated without the support of the organization, which is still controlled by Gorman's friends. Warfield's fight, however, is of a more independent character than Smith's, which, it is said, involves a deal concerning the United Btates Senatorship in 1902.

ANOTHER LIST OF APPOINTMENTS MADE MEN OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC STATION TO SUE FOR MONEY ACCRUING FROM

BY THE PRESIDENT

Washington, July 13.-The President to-day made the following appointments in the Volunteer Army Washington, July 13 (Special).-Secretary Long

LIEUTENANT COLONEL ROBERT W. LEONARD, colonel 12th N. Y. V.

praise the cruiser Reina Mercedes, now at Norfolk, as well as the Infanta Maria Teresa, wrecked on

Cat Island, and all the salvage from the Spanish

FRANCIS WARD, Heutenant-colonel 2024 N. Y.

wrecks at Santiago, it being the purpose of the of-CAPTAINS. ficers and men who served on the North Atlantic WILLIAM B GRACIE captain 12th N T. WILLIAM F JUDSON, captain 12th N Y. WALTER F BANDALL, captain 2024 N, Y. PETER VREDENBURG, major 3d N J. CHARLES F. DAVIS first lieutenant let Me. SAMUEL D. CRAWFORD, major 13th Pun, LUCIUS C. BENNETT formerly captain Co. F. 24 Onto, THOMAS W. DARRAH, formerly lieutenant 20th U. S. I. the specially distinguished himself in the Santiago campaign; JAMES M. LIDDELL, major 3th U. S. V. I. SAMUEL A PRICE, major 6th Penn, DEVERBAUX SHIELDS, lieutenant coinnel 2d Miss., GRANVILLE SEVIER, captain 24 Tenn. Station last summer to sue in the Court of Claims for prize money accruing from the capture of these The Secretary's action, which does not in any

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

the officers and men who took part in the blockade of Santiago and the battle of July 5. SOLOMON AVERY, Jr. major 2d Ga., PHILIP S GOLD ERMAN, second lieuterant 200d N. Y. JAMES G HANNAH first lieutenant 203d N. Y. JOHN J KENNEDY 69th N. Y. THEODORE S. PULVER It is the understanding that this claim for prize KENNEDY 69th N. Y. THEODORE S. FILVER, captain 202d N. Y. Dester Sturgis, first lieutenant 202d N. Y. THEODORE S. TAYLOR, first lieutenant 12th N. Y. OSCAR D. WEED, captain 2th N. Y. JAMES H. BLOUNT, Jr., first lieutenant 2th N. Y. JAMES H. BLOUNT, Jr., first lieutenant 2th N. V. I. WILLIS P. CLARK, lieutenant 2th N. V. I. WILLIS P. CLARK, lieutenant 2th N. WILLIS C. DAVIS, captain 1st Ga. WILSON G. HEATON, captain 3th flows; JAMES M. KIMBROUGH, Jr., captain 3th Ga., JAMES M. KIMBROUGH, Jr., captain 3th Ga., JAMES LONG-TREET, Jr., first lieutenant 2th L. S. N. I. GEDORE D. RICE, chaplain 8th Mass. HENDY J. GEDORETT captain 1st Me. A. EDGAR S. STAY, ER. lieutenant 5th Penn. STEPHEN (GDEN, FIRST LIEUTENANT) AND STARK, first lieutenant 4th U. S. V. I. SENJAMIN STARK, The Board of Inspection will not be compelled to the appraisal are on file, except that perhaps it will

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

LEE D. FISHER, private 71st N. Y. V., assistant engineer in the Navy during the Spanish war. the Inspection Board, under its instruction, will deduct the amounts spent by the Government in rescuing that vessel and the material from the ROBERT H. STILLMAN, sergeant Astor Battery WILLIAM S. WELLS, JR., captain Company F. 3d reacuing that vessel and the material from the other ships.

The point raised by Captain Chadwick for the officers and men who served off Santiago Harbor is regarded as an ingenious one by maritime lawyers who are puzzled to see what sort of a case the attorneys for the claimants will be able to present. The statutes provide for the payment of "bounties" for hostile vessels sunk or destroyed, the amount of bounty depending on the number of men aboard the enemy's ship and her strength compared with that of her American opponent. Bounties are paid for such affairs as the destruc-JOHN W. C. ABHOTT, Michigan. GARRISON BALL, Heutenant 201st N. Y.

JOHN J. BYRNE, captain 9th N. V. HOLT A. BRADFORD, corporal Com-EDWIN S. BROUSSARD, captain Company I. 2d U. TIMOTHY L. COUGHLAN, second fleutenant 201st N. Y

URSIL L. PERGUSON, captain 1st 1 HILDEN OLIN second heutenant flet N. Y. HENRY L. JENKINSON, captain 8th U. S. V. LEWIS M. CLARK, Company I. 18th Penn sergeant Company B. 7th U. S. L. SURGEONS. ROBERT CORLISS, serge

FREDERICK HADRA, captain and assistant surgeon WILLIAM BOWEN, captain and assistant surgeon. RICHARD S. GRISWOLD, first " repart and assistant GEORGE P. PEED, first lieutenant and assistant sur

FORTY RECRUITS A DAY HERE. APPLICANTS SUBMITTED TO AN EXACTING TEST AND MANY TURNED AWAY. Recruiting men for the coming Philippine cam

paign is carried on in this city at the main office in Third-ave, opposite the Cooper Union, and at he sub-stations, No. 57 East One-hundred-andtwenty-fifth-st., and in Forty-second-st., Vanderbilt-ave. For both the volunteers and Regulars about forty men a day are being enlisted at under the new call for volunteers will approxi men each, and in addition to this number there will he required the men necessary to fill up General Otis's regiments in the Philippines. Advices from Washington state that the enlist-

ment of volunteers is aggregating between and three hundred a day from all sources. This would be at the rate of from twelve to eighteen hundred men a week, but it is hoped by opening additional stations to hasten the work, and that the entire quota called for will be made up within At the main office in Third-ave, yesterday twen ty-two men were enlisted for the volunteers, and

were recruited at the sub-stations. Major F. A. Whitney, who is in charge of the recruiting, sa yesterday that stations had formerly existed at Kingston, Newburg and Middletown, but that the officers had been recalled, and the stations closed. In view of the present necessity he favors having them reopened as soon as possible. Major Whitney thought that New-York and Pennsylvania embined would furnish sixty men a day. The exhaustive physical examination is one cause of the slowness. Out of forty-two men examined yesterday at the Third-ave, station seven teen were rejected for various reasons, and it took the physician in attendance from 8:30 to 12 o'clock, working constantly, to pass or reject this number. When undergoing examination the men are meas ured and weighed, the proportion of height, weight and chest measurements varying under the regulations from the minimum that a man 5 feet 4 inches in height must weigh 128 pounds and have Washington, July 13 (Special)—Chief Constructor a 22 inch chest measurement, to the maximum Hichborn to-day issued the official progress report that a 6 foot 1 inch man must have a 344 inch on the forty-eight vessels under construction. chest and weigh at least 170 pounds. The candi the Navy on July 1. It shows that of the battle- date, having passed the weighing and measuring at West Point, which requires that each candidate shall have at least four molar teeth, two in the Maine 9 per cent. At the Union Iron Works the the upper and two in the lower jaw, and opport that the men may be able to properly masticate their food. The eye must have a vision at least three quarters of normal. This test makes neces sary the ability to pick out letters of a certain size on a card at a distance of twenty feet. The hearing must be good; likewise the hands and feet, the latter of which are particularly examined for hammer toe-that is, where the toe turns directly downward. In cases of this kind, when the men are marching, dirr forces itself under the nail and causes a sore that festers, and soon incapacitates in good condition, and the candidate is required to move his limbs in different directions to show that

move his limbs in different directions to show that there is no stiffness in the joints. Fnally, should the examiner detect the slightest suspicion of the use of spirituous liquor on the part of the would be recruit. It leads to his instant rejection.

Major Whitney said that in yesterday morning's batch of applicants he was particularly struck by the appearance of three men, who were splendid physical specimens, but that all three had been rejected upon examination on account of weakness of the hear. At so clock every evening all volunteers that have been recruited during the day are sent to Camp Meade. Penn, where they arrive at 3:30 the next morning. Upon arrival they are uniformed, armed and assigned to provisional companies as rapidly as possible in order that the work of getting them into shape may be carried on with the least possible delay. It is hoped that by the time active campaigning in the Philippines begins it will be possible to have these men at the front. The physical examination being passed, and having had explained to him the amount of pay, rations, clothing, etc. that he is entitled to. Major Whitney administers to each recruit separately the following oath:

"And you also solemnly swear (or affirm) that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the United States of America, and that you will serve them honestly and faithfully against all their enemies whomsoever, and that you will obey the orders of the President of the United States, and also of the officers appointed over you, according to the rules and articles of war." to-day disposed of the report that the Naval War College course at Newport was to be abandoned, and that the institution was to be removed to Annapolis as a postgraduate school for naval cadets. Newport has had a fresh alarm in the s carrying him on his annual inspection four to year Mr. Allen devoted much space and argument to the proposition for concentrating haval instruction at Annapolis, making a strong showing of the
advantages to be derived from the project. Legislation, however, was requisite to make the change,
and Congress failed to consider the matter. Congress, on the contrary, made an appropriation for
the maintenance of the War College, Training Station and Torpedo School at Newport until June 20,
1890, and for another year at least these three establishments must remain where they are unless
one or more of them is abandoned.
Captain Stockton, the president of the War College, was in Washington to-day, passing his examination for promotion, and when he told Secretary Long of fears expressed at Newport he received assurances that the Department had no
idea of discontinuing the work there, nor was the
removal of the college seriously contemplated. The
North Atlantic Squadron, after a few days at
Bar Harbor, will return to Newport on July 20, remaining there until August 2, when it will put to
sea for a cruise, and spend from August 15 to
September 1 at Newport. These stops of the fleet
at the War College will give its officers an opportunity to take part in the theoretical problems
under discussion there, and to play the war games.
It had been the programme for this summer that
the squadron should execute some of the problems
worked out at the college, but this has been found
not feasible on account of the composition of the
fleet, which has three battle ships and three cruisers, not enough of either type to accomplish anything of practical utility on account of its lack
of homogeneity. After September 1 the fleet will
go to New-York to welcome Dewey, and then will
go to New-York to welcome Dewey, and then will
go distributed among the navy yards to prepare for
a winter cruise in the West Indies.

EY-GOV, STONE RETURNS TO MISSOURI. tion at Annapolis, making a strong showing of the

ENLISTING AT BUFFALO.

A RUSH OF VOLUNTEERS-ALL RECORDS FOR SINGLE DAY BROKEN.

Buffalo. July 13 (Special).—Since the receipt of orders of July 5 for the recruiting of ten new regi-ments for service in the Philippines, the local recruiting office in charge of Major William Duncan, of the 13th Infantry, has been the scene of a rush of volunteers never before equalied.

All records for a single day were broken to-day, when the office was crowded from morning to night. Although the majority, and in fact nearly 75 per cent, of the applicants were rejected, the quota at the Buffalo office for the 26th Regiment will have the Buffalo office for the son regiment will have been filled by Saturday, and if no orders are received against further work the recruiting will continue. Major Duncan says he believes he can easily fill another regiment for the Philippines, and will ask the War Department to allow him to do so in anticipation of a shortage of re-enlisting solution. diers at present in the Islands. So far there have been nearly three hundred ap-

plicants and about seventy-five accepted, with a few cases to be decided later. Nearly all the men have been sent to the Platteburg barracks, and the applications have long since reached the point

the applications have long since reached the point where the combined Regular and volunteer enlistments under Lieutenant Paul B. Malone are exceeded in number.

George F. Newitt, twenty-two years old, Rough Rider, of Evansyille, Ind., who was wounded in the charge up San Juan Hill, has enlisted here, and another case, that of a boy named Mills from the British West Indies, is attracting attention. Mills came from near Jamaica recently, and is eighteen years old. He is an exceedingly bright colored boy and speaks with a French accent and no trace of the negro in his conversation. He tried to enlist in Rochester, but the consent of his guardian. Edward A. Bibby, of Catskill, N. Y., did not arrive in time to permit him to join a colored regiment. Now a question of citizenship arises, and Major Duncan has become interested, and the case of the boy has been taken to the Adjutant General A reply ordering his enlistment as cierk in one of the white regiments is expected from Washington soon.

MORE VOLUNTEER OFFICERS. | INSURGENTS KEPT MOVING

ATTACK ON INTRENCHMENTS AT LA GUNA DE BAY.

TROOPS LAND AND DRIVE NATIVES TO THE

Manila, July 13.-Laguna de Bay is Leing pa trolled by three troops of the 4th Cavairy, under Captain McGraw, and the Army gunboat Napidan, commanded by Lieutenant Larsen. The on cascos, in which the men are towed about to make unexpected visits to towns where there are small forces of insurgents, for the purpose of keeping the rebels moving.

HILLS-TWO CAVALRYMEN WOUNDED.

On Tuesday the troops had an engagement at Mantilupa, on the south shore of the lake. They found five hundred insurgents there, intrenched near the shore. The Napidan shelled the rebels, and a party of American troops, numbering 135, landed and drove them by a sharp running fight to the hills, where they were too strongly intrenched for the small force

Two of the cavalrymen were wounded, and the bodies of ten insurgents were found. It is supposed that the enemy's loss is thirty-five.

LOSSES OF TROOPS AT MANILA

REPORTS UP TO JUNE II SHOW THAT THE VOL UNTEERS ARE GREATLY DEBILITATED. San Francisco, July 13 .- Advices received by the

months of tropic weather. Since the middle of May no volunteer regiment has had a sick list of less than 20 per cent. Most of them at the present have 25 per cent ill, and a few of the regiments have less than one-third of their number on duty. It came in from San Fernandino a few days ago South Dakota regiment followed yesterday, with ments at San Fernando have not more than 280 ington troops took Morong, a week ago, only 26

men responded to rollcall.

quence of their hard campaigning through three

forming a junction at Laguna Bay, and then enforming a junction at Laguna Bay, and then engaged at the same time with the enemy in the opposite direction.

Twenty-four of the Nebraska officers are on the sick list, and the Montana, Washington and South Dakota regiments show twenty or more officers in the hospitals or sick in their quarters. These regiments have borne the brunt of the fighting. Their losses in killed and wounded ranged from 160 in the Montana regiment to 280 Nebraska men. The loss of the Kansas regiment is second to that of Nebraska, while the Washington and South Dakota regiments follow closely, each with losses of about two hundred. The Oregon regiment suffered severely. Of the Regulars, the 3d Artillery is the heaviest loser, its killed and wounded numbering 12,

have been engaged since March 12 in preventing

the insurgent armies of the north and south fro

PEACE NEAR AT HAND. VIEWS OF GENERAL SUMMERS, WHO RETURNED WITH OREGON REGIMENT.

Chicago, July 13 .- A dispatch to "The Record" from San Francisco quotes Brigadier General Summers, in command of the Oregon volunteers, as saying: "Aguinaldo's forces were hadly demoraliz

the Oregon regiment came away from Manila, twenty-nine days ago. I am of the opinion that peace will have been obtained before the end of the next dry season. Of course, a much large try and towns evacuated by the rebels. I am all of the opinion that starvation will cut a large figure in bringing Aguinaldo's forces to terms. natives largely depend for food, is next to nothing this season. Of thirty-two fights, the Oregon regint took part in no fewer than twenty-sever

Captain Saunders, commander of the transport Newport, in answer to the question, "Is the game worth the candle?" said:
"Yes, indeed. The islands are an empire, and capable of sustaining a great civilized people. Their retention will add to the glory of our country and immensely to its commerce. The respect with which America is regarded in the Orient is something marvellous, compared to conditions before the war with Spain."

OTIS TO ORGANIZE A CAVALRY BRIGADE. Washington, July 13.-A dispatch has been re ceived from General Otts requesting horses be sent to the Philippines in order that a

horses be sent to the Philippines in order that a brigade of cavalry may be organized for use at the end of the rainy season. General Otis has tried the horses of the islands and countries near by but none of them seem to be available for cavalry. It is the intention of Secretary Alger to have the horses carefully selected, and he thinks that animals from the Southern States, not too heavy, but tough and wiry, will be best. OREGON TROOPS AT SAN FRANC

mustered out here. There will be a chance for them to parade here, for Colonel Sommers said to-day that the troops would surely be detained here until Friday afternoon by the taking of coal and provisions on the transports.

San Francisco, July 13.-The returning Oregon

STATE BANKERS' CONVENTION.

LOCAL DELEGATES START FOR ALEXANDRIA BAY, THOUSAND ISLANDS

tion of the New-York State Bankers As-sociation have gone to Alexandria Bay, Thousand Islands, where the convention is to be held to-day and to-morrow. At the first session, opening at 10 o'clock this morning, the annua message of the president and the reports of message of the president and the reports of the treasurer and secretary will be heard, after which officers for the coming year will be nominated and an informal ballot taken. In the afternoon the delegates and their friends are to take a steamboat excursion through the Canadian channel and among the islands, and in the evening they will be the guests of the Thousand Islands. Yacht Club, at its clubhouse on Welcome Island. At the second session of the convention, to-mor-Yacht Club, at its clubhouse on Welcome Island. At the second session of the convention, to-morrow morning, addresses will be delivered by Judge John R. McPherson, of Gettysburg, Penn., on "Suggestions Concerning Corporate Taxation," and Frank M. Eastman, of Harrisburg, on "Outline of the Pennsylvania System of Taxation for State Purposes, with Especial Reference to the Taxation of Banks." a general discussion following the of Banks." a general discussion following the presentation of each paper. At the third and closing session, to-morrow afternoon, an address on "Branch Banks" will be delivered by W. S. "Branch Banks" will be delivered by W. S. Witham, of Atlanta, who is president of more than twenty banks in as many towns and cities of Georgia, and following this address will come the election of officers. Later in the afternoon the members and guests will attend a reception to be given by Mr. and Mrs. George C. Boldt at their home on Heart Island, and in the evening they will be taken on a steamboat "searchlight excursion" among the islands.

As far as can be learned, no one has been "slated" to succeed Mr. Adsit as president. The present officers are President, Charles Adsit, Hornellsville; vice-president, John B. Dutcher, Pawling; treasurer, George W. Thayer, Rochester, and secretary, William I. Taber, Herkimer.

An Effective Shield against debility and diseases of all kind is healthy blood, produced by nourishing food and good digestion. If these

are lacking the blood is deprived of to eat TABLETS

They contain the iron as ordinarily abgood health. They benefit old people and young: they are palatable, they

50 tablets in a box. Sold by all drugglet

want to defeat the Tammany candidates with upright and independent men. Homer Folks is the sort of man we have in mind for our Assembly and Aldermanic candidates."

"What comment have you to make on Governor Roosevelt's invitation to the Citizens Union to unite with the Republicans on candidates this fail?" Mr. Quigg was asked.

"I have nothing special to say, except that I am very gind he made it."

"Have you yet seen any substantial evidence of union." mittee." he said, "there will be a report of some kind from the committee appointed at the St. Louis conference to investigate the Devlin matter. I think, too, there will be some changes in the sub-committees. These committees may be shaken up and made active. Johnson, of Kansas, would make a fine head for the Executive Committee." NEW POSTMASTERS IN THIS STATE. Washington, July 13.-The following fourth-class union?"
All comments that I have seen in the newspapers or that I have heard from individuals warpapers or that I have heard from individuals warpapers or that I have heard from individuals warpendents and almost all Republicans are in favor
of united action." postmasters were appointed to-day for New-York: Johnson, Antoinette Drake; Long Eddy, James E. Armstrong; Oramei, James E. Munn.